

## BALIKA VIDYA PITH

**Class:6 (Social Science) Reeta Dubey Date: 19/07/2020****Geography Chapter 6 Major Landforms of the Earth**  
**(Based on NCERT)****I. Multiple Choice Questions**

- (i) It is the mountain range of South America.  
 (a) The Himalayas (b) The Alps  
 (c) The Andes (d) The Rockies.
- (ii) Mt. Kilimanjaro is in  
 (a) Asia (b) Africa  
 (c) South America (d) North America.
- (iii) Which one sport is not popular in the mountains?  
 (a) Paragliding (b) Skiing  
 (c) Hang gliding (d) Football.
- (iv) The Hundru falls is in  
 (a) Chhotanagpur (b) Calcutta  
 (c) Ranchi (d) Chhattisgarh.
- (v) The world's highest plateau is the  
 (a) Deccan plateau (b) Tibet plateau  
 (c) Chhotanagpur plateau (d) East African plateau.

**Answer:** (i)—(c), (ii)-(b), (iii)-(d), (iv)-(a), (v)-(b).**II. Fill in the Blanks**

- (i) Many of the mining areas in the world are located in..... areas.
- (ii) The climate of mountains is .....
- (iii) Mountains vary in their ..... and shape.
- (iv) The Ural mountains in ..... have rounded features and low elevation.
- (v) Volcanic mountains are formed due to ..... activities.
- (vi) The ..... and terraces are ideal for crop cultivation.
- (vii) ..... in the Pacific Ocean is an undersea mountain.

**Answer:** (i) plateau (ii) harsh  
 (iii) heights (iv) Russia  
 (v) volcanic (vi) river basins  
 (vii) Mauna Kea (Hawaii)

**III. True/False**

State whether these sentences are true (T) or false (F).

- (i) A rich variety of flora and fauna is found in the mountains.
- (ii) The Rope Bridge is in Arunachal Pradesh.
- (iii) Plateaus are vast stretches of flat land.
- (iv) Plains are very useful because they are rich in mineral deposits.
- (v) As we go higher, the climate becomes hotter.
- (vi) Mt. Fujiyama in Japan is an example of volcanic mountains.
- (vii) It is difficult to carry on construction work in plains.

**Answer:** (i) True, (ii) True, (iii) False, (iv) False, (v) False, (vi) True, (vii) False.

**IV. Matching Skill**

Match the items in column A correctly with those given in column B.

**Column A**

- (i) The Appalachians
- (ii) The Vosges mountain
- (iii) The Aravali range
- (iv) The East African plateau
- (v) The Jog falls

**Column B**

- (a) Kenya
- (b) India
- (c) Karnataka
- (d) Europe
- (e) North America

**Ans.** (i)—(e), (ii)—(d), (iii)—(b), (iv)—(a), (v)—(c).

**Very Short Answer Type Questions**

1. What is internal process? [V. Imp.]

Answer: It is a type of continuous movement within the earth that lead to the upliftment and sinking of the earth's surface at several places.

2. What is external process?

Answer: It is the continuous wearing down and rebuilding of the land surface.

3. What is called, erosion?

Answer: The wearing away of the earth's surface is called erosion.

4. What happens when you go higher?

Answer: The Climate becomes colder.

5. Give examples of young fold mountains.

Answer: The Himalayan Mountains and the Alps.

6. What are the features of young fold mountains? [V. Imp.]

Answer: They have rugged relief and high conical peaks.

7. What is special with Mauna Kea (Hawaii) in the Pacific Ocean?

Answer: It is higher than Mt. Everest being 10,205 metres high.

8. Give an example of block mountains.

Answer: The Rhine valley and the Vosges mountain in Europe.

9. Give examples of Volcanic mountains.

Answer: Mt. Kilimanjaro in Africa and Mt. Fujiyama in Japan.

10. Name the plateau which is famous for gold and diamond mining.

Answer: The African plateau.

11. Name some plains of India.

Answer: The Ganga-Brahmaputra plains and the Indo-Gangetic plains.

12. Write some natural calamities. [V. Imp.]

Answer: Earthquakes, floods, cyclone, drought, etc.

13. 'Quite often we use the land in a wasteful manner'. What do you mean by 'wasteful manner'? [V. Imp.]

Answer: Using fertile land for building houses.